

N
E

LITHUANIA

RECORD #30
X

- (1). Map of Mariampole, Lithuania.
- (2). Speech by Jacob Oleisky, Association of Lithuanian Jews of Israel, 11/24/1976
- (3). Lithuanian Yizkor Book
- (4). ALGEMEINER JOURNAL, NY, NY 11/18/1977

Not names of 1911 Picture
in Bull # 22 Aug 1946

Track down publications of "Lithuanian Jew"
May-June 1946
"The Americaner"

Friday
12/28/79
2:00 P.M.
9420 S. Albiaz
(one color
each country)

PHOTO'S MOUNTED
Paper - Mylar.

5 MAPS
OF MARIAMPOLIS
^{4 \$}
BANQUETS — INCLUDING HUNGER

CHCA
SLAVATICH

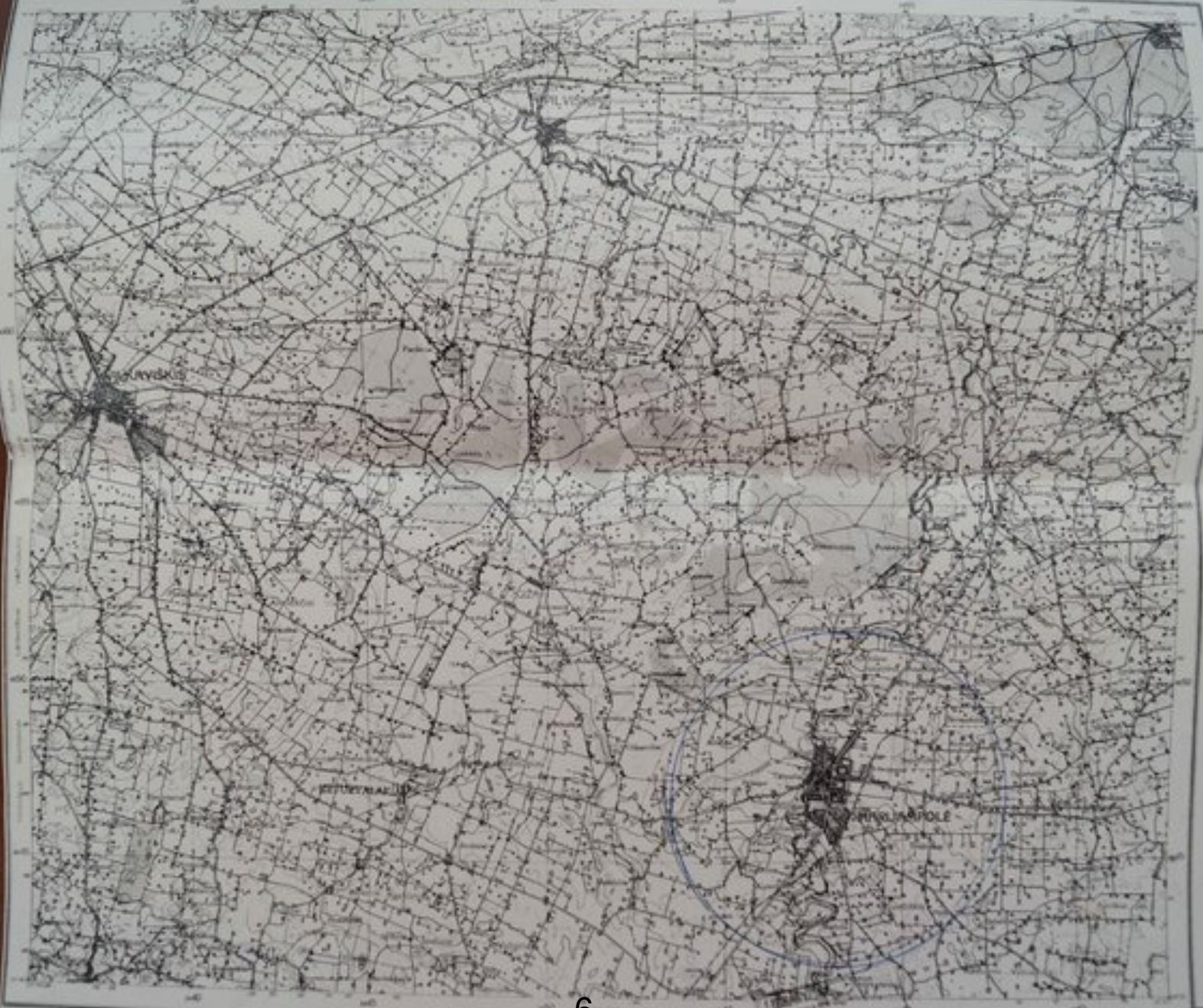
- ① LIST OF 42 ANSHES
- ② LOCATION OF EACH TOWN
- ③ AJC/1939 Book —

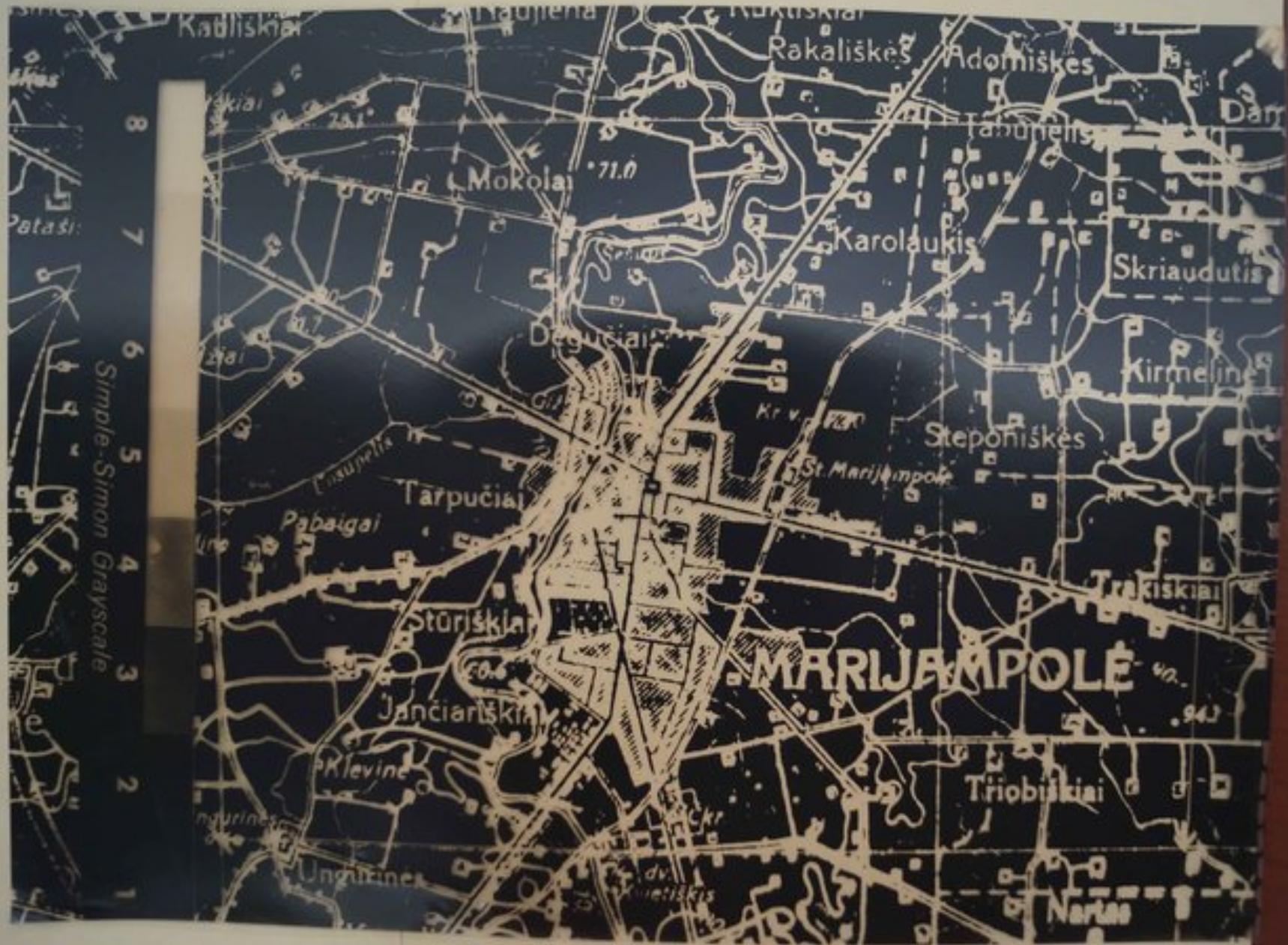
270

adult 07/09/89









MARIAMPOLER -
HIST-LITH. ENCYC.

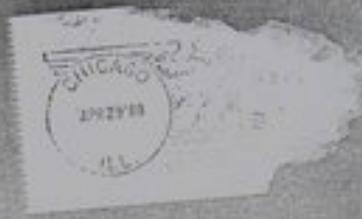
PICTURE WOLF FAMILY

BACK OF MARIAMPOLER

MAPS JEWIS ATLAS
KURS-PASSMAN NOTES
SEFER HA-LITA

S-KURE #95 BIRTHDAY

4 4



Sidney Sorkin
8343 South Kenwood
Chicago IL 60619

311-09-7577

Šiame pase 32 puslapiai.
Ce passeport contient 32 pages.

Serija C Nr. 01027



LIETUVOS RESPUBLIKA
RÉPUBLIQUE DE LITHUANIE

UŽSIENIO PASAS
Passeport pour l'étranger

Paso Nr.
N° du passeport

10107

Paso savininko
pavardė ir vardas
Nom et Prénom du
porteur

Steinkaras
Girsas-Samuels

Ortuge keliauja žmona
Le porteur est accompagné
de son épouse

ir
et de
Pilietybė
Nationalité

dieiuves
di Lietuvie

valky
enfants

2

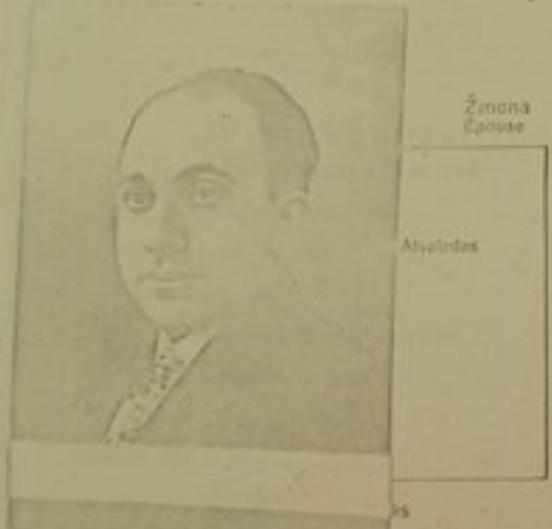
ZYMES
SIGNALMENT

Užsib-	
mimai	
Prūši-	
slėn.	
Gimimo vietos ir taikas	Marijampolė
Užsib. datos da- mokėjimo	1892
Gyven- namojoj vietos	Marijampolė
Damokėjime	

3

ZYMÉS
SIGNALEMENT

Z Y M È S SIGNALÉE		Zygote - Epouse
Véloce	<i>spvalus</i>	
Visage	<i>vale</i>	
Akiq spalva	<i>tamei</i>	
Couleur des yeux	<i>brun</i>	
Plaqué spalva	<i>tamei</i>	
Couleur des cheveux	<i>châtaigne</i>	
Ypat Ly... Signes parti- culiers		
Valkal - Enfants		
Vardai	Amzius	Lyss
Nom	Age	Sexe



girs Steinbeck

ir jo žmonos
et de son épouse

Šalyje, kurioje pasos galioja,
Pays pour lesquels ce passeport est valable:

Tikslas kultūrai ir visai Lietuvos Respublikai. Lankytis.

Pour tous les pays la Pologne exceptée.

Žmogus
Épouse

Attestation

Giliojimas para baigiasi
Ce passeport expire le

1927 m.

lapkričio 15^a
le 15 novembre

išduotas
Délivré à la date
du

1926 m.

lapkričio
15^a
novembre



Passo davusio valdininko parašas
Signature de l'agent délivrant le passeport

J. J. J.

— 6 —

PRATĘSIMAI
RENOUVELLEMENTS

Galiojimas paso Nr.

pratęsiamas iki 192.... m.

mėn. d.

La validité du passeport Nr.

est. prolongée jusqu'au

192....

Kaunas, 192.... m. m. d.

Parašas
Signature

Galiojimas paso Nr.

pratęsiamas iki 192.... m.

mėn. d.

La validité du passeport Nr.

est. prolongée jusqu'au

192....

Kaunas, 192.... m. m. d.

Parašas
Signature

vizo 8 - 348
— 7 —

Galiojimas paso Nr.

pratęsiamas iki 192.... m.

mėn. d.

La validité du passeport Nr.

est. prolongée jusqu'au

192....

Kaunas, 192.... m. m. d.

Parašas
Signature

Galiojimas paso Nr.

pratęsiamas iki 192.... m.

mėn. d.

La validité du passeport Nr.

est. prolongée jusqu'au

192....

Kaunas, 192.... m. m. d.

Parašas
Signature

Šeinstokas gūsas -

VIZOS — V^{SAS}
VIZA Nr. 14208

Tinkta keliavantiui
iš Lietuvos pro bet kurį vald.
Gars nustatyta gūmos perleidimo
vieta į Šiaurės Lietuvą.
Iš vietoj išskirtos dienos išlaidos iki
192 L tų pagalvės iki 15 d.
Kaina 10 lit. 15 m. 15 d.
Vilniaus Reikalių Ministerijos
Pasių Skryties.



-9-

VIZOS — VISAS

← 245 (Norvėgija)
March 2nd 1923
Dipr. S. Stankovas

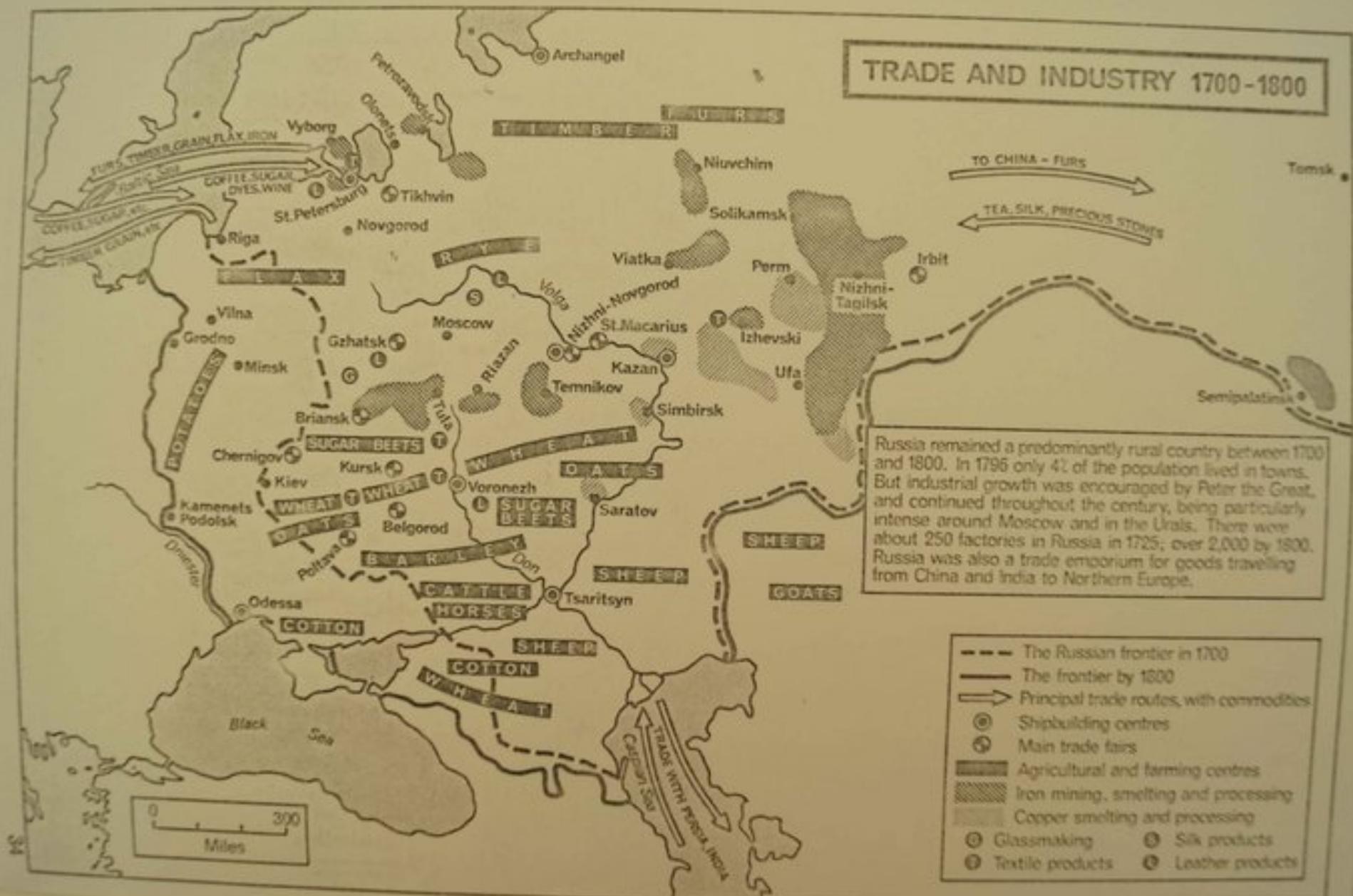
~~Ministru~~
via Rimi, Lithuania



Verlängerung oder Veränderung dieses
 Sichwehrmerks nicht gültig.

VIZOS = VISAS

TRADE AND INDUSTRY 1700-1800



- The Russian frontier in 1700
- The frontier by 1800
- Principal trade routes, with commodities
- ◎ Shipbuilding centres
- Main trade fairs
- Agricultural and farming centres
- ▨ Iron mining, smelting and processing
- ▨ Copper smelting and processing
- Glassmaking
- Textile products
- Silk products
- Leather products

RUSSIA AND TURKEY 1721-1829

The Turks are falling like ninepins. But, thank God, our men stand fast, though heavily outnumbered.

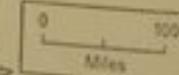
TURKEY IN EUROPE

THE BLACK SEA AND THE STRAITS
1739 Treaty of Belgrade. Russian ships not
into the Sea of Azov or the Black Sea.

Treaty of Kuchuk-Kainazy: Russian merchant ships gained the right to navigate the Black Sea and pass the Straits, but cargoes could be requisitioned at will.

Treaty of Adrianople. Russia obtained the right of unimpeded passage of unarmed ships

TURKEY IN ASIA



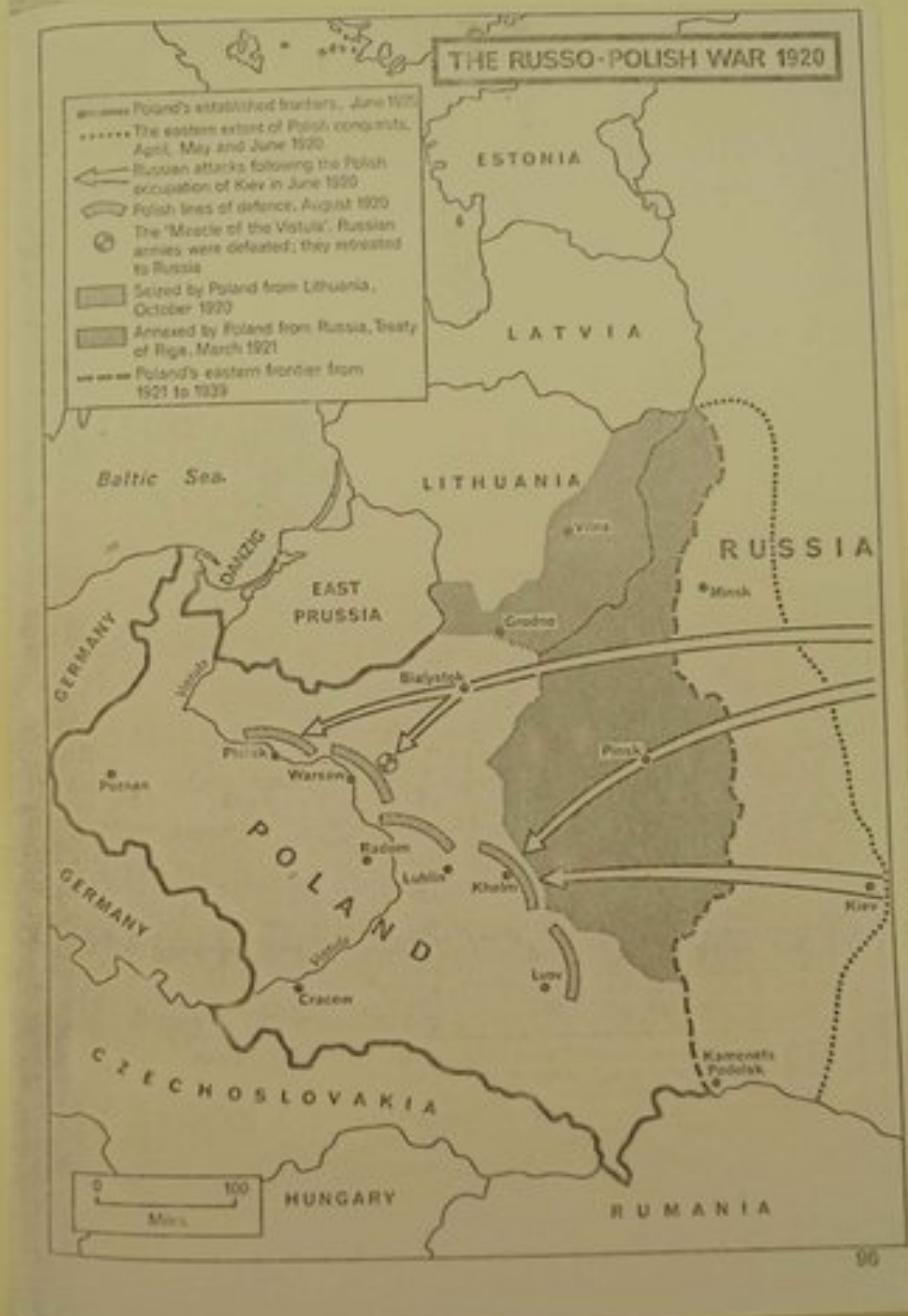
Russia's desire for a Black Sea coastline for settlement and defense led to five long and costly wars with Turkey between 1735 and 1829. In 1738 Catherine the Great encouraged Greek and Slave rebellions against the Turks and sent the Russian Baltic Fleet into the Mediterranean. The pro-Slav and anti-Turk crusade lost its appeal to later, conservative Tsars, who were unwilling to stir up oppressed people afraid of fear of reprisals at home. In 1812 Alexander I did not answer the appeals from Serbs and Greeks for help against their Turkish masters; while in 1828 Nicholas I likewise refused to encourage insurrection among Turkey's subject peoples. The Turks did not always fight alone; they were allied to the Poles 1703-1712, and to the Swedes 1708-1820. They had French diplomatic support, which turned the Treaty of Belgrade into a "shameless bungle" for Russia. By 1829 however Russia had extended her frontiers to include the Crimea, the Kuban and Bessarabia, controlling most of the Black Sea coast from the Danube to Poti; but the Turks retained control of the southern shore, and plus of the Straits, through which were Russia's only possible water access to the Mediterranean.

- The Russian frontier in 1721
 - Russian fortified lines, with dates of completion
 - ④ Principal land battles between Russian and Turkish forces, with dates
 - Naval battles
 - Principal sieges, with dates
 - Towns occupied by the Russians, with dates
 - The Russian frontier in 1739, (Treaty of Belgrade)
 - The Russian frontier in 1774, (Treaty of Kuchuk-Kainardji)

Russia Russian gains in 1763
(Treaty of Paris)

— — — The Russian frontier in 1812
(Treaty of Bucharest)

1856. Russia gains in 1856
(Treaty of Adrianople).



Founded 1925 as Yiddish Scientific Institute - YIVO

יידישער וויסנשאפטליך אינסיטיטוּט - יִיווֹאָה

YIVO INSTITUTE FOR JEWISH RESEARCH

DEVOTED TO THE SOCIAL SCIENCES AND THE HUMANITIES



1048 FIFTH AVENUE • NEW YORK, N. Y. 10028 • LEhigh 5-6700 • Cables: YIVO, NEW YORK

September 12, 1979

Mr. S. Sorkin
8343 S. Kenwood Ave.
Chicago, Ill. 60619

Dear Mr. Sorkin:

We have your letter addressed to Mrs. Fryshdorf, regarding the city of Mariampole in Lithuania. We are enclosing a Xeroxed page from a book on Jews in Lithuania, where a short history of the Jewish community in that city is described. There is also material in the Yiddish book entitled LITE, edited by Dr. Sudarsky and published in New York in 1951. You may be familiar with the book, and if not, you may be able to see a copy in the larger libraries of your City.

As for the book on Warsaw published in Argentina, we are enclosing the title-page and the table of contents of this book. It is very unlikely that information on Mariampole could be found in this book, dealing exclusively with Warsaw.

Sincerely yours,

Dina Abramowicz
Dina Abramowicz
Librarian